Writing Curriculum map 2023-2024

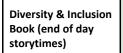
Nursery	Au 1	Au 2	Sp 1	Sp 2	Su 1	Su 2
Poem/song or nursery rhyme to learn over the course of the half term	If you're happy and you know it clap your hands	Twinkle twinkle little star	Rain rain go away	All About Me poem	The wheels on the bus go round and round	Creepy Crawly poem
1. T4W -Modern Classics/Well loved stories (2 week)	CHOOSE Nick Sharatt Pppa Goodhart	Where's Spot? Eric Hill	Dear Zoo Rod Campbell	Bill Martin Jr / Eric Carle Brown Boar, Brown Boar, What Do You See?	The Train Ride June Crebbin Stephen Lambert	THE VERY HIVE AN CATERPEA AS by bac Cade
2. Traditional Tale (3 weeks)	Billy Goats Gruff	The Three Little Pigs	Galdilocks	Aparin The Ugly Duckling Aparin The Ugly Duckling	Cadybird First Favourite Toles The Little Red Hen	Little Red Riding Hood
3. Diversity & Inclusion Book (1 week)	What I Like About Me!	THE FAMILY BOOK BOOK TODO DARR TA NA FOT FOR RESIDENCE AFTER	ALL ARE WELCOME AND THE TIES HELD HELD THE THE TIES HAVE	HATS OF FAITH	DOLLS AND TRUCKS ARE FOR EVERYONE ROSPERIMENT ENTERNAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	A Tole of Bio Normies written by Vanita Oelschlager Bestretiens by Mile Blace

Nursery

Aut 1	Aut 2	Spr 1	Spr 2	Sum 1	Sum 2
Enjoy drawing freely. Add some marks to drawings, which give meaning to. For example: "That says mummy." Make a wide variety of marks with control, such as a variety of simple shapes and lines. Recognises the difference between pictures and words. Mark make using a variety of materials (chalk, pens, pencils, crayons, paint)	Make marks on their picture to stand for their name. Use marks to communicate my thoughts, feelings and ideas. Consider and plan what I am going to 'draw' before making any marks. Show interest in watching adults write and emulate this. Begin to imitate the act of writing, such as ticking off names on a register after	Use marks symbolically for multiple purposes, such as to tell stories, record what I can see, show my thinking, express my emotions or solve problems. Make marks from left to right Draw pictures with shapes that resemble what they are drawing e.g. a circle for a head, lines for arms and legs. Use mark-making tools to form the variety of marks needed for letter formation, such as clockwise and anticlockwise rotational movements.	Use some print and letter knowledge in my early writing. For example: writing a pretend shopping list that starts at the top of the page; writing 'm' for mummy. Write some or all of my name. Write with a purpose, such as a shopping list, a birthday card etc Develop an understanding of the link between the shape of a letter and the sound it represents (using mnemonics of	Use initial sounds to label; pictures, adjectives of characters, settings and to create a list Write from left to right and top to bottom. Understand that words are made up of letters, which are a collection of different shapes. Identify sounds in words and then write the sound with the corresponding letter	Write recognisable letters, m which are correctly formed (umnemonics of RWI phonics of maisie mountain mountain) Write my first name which carecognised. Begin to hear set 1 sounds in word and segment for spellin magnetic letters and boards oc-a-t. Create a story map using pict and initial and final sounds in

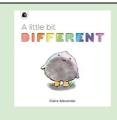
Reception	Au 1	Au 2	Sp 1	Sp 2	Su 1	Su 2

1. Rehearse and perform poem & rhyming work (1 week)	I look In the Mirror poem	Animal Homes Poem	Goldilocks and the Three Bears Rap	World Book Week theme text	The Three Pigs Rap	At the Bottom of the Garden (twinkl)
2. T4W - Modern Classics/ Well loved stories (2 weeks) Story map & retell	We're Going on a Bear Hunt Michael Rosen Helen Osenbury Writing - Draw a story map and label	Mr Gumpy's Outing Writing - character descriptions/captions	Whatever Next! Fill Murphy	Writing - character description and retell/innovate story to a snowman	Writing - character descriptions/speech bubbles and retell/innovate story	Writing - character descriptions/speech bubbles and retell/innovate story
3. T4W - Modern Classics/Well loved stories (2 weeks) Create non-fiction piece of writing	GOODNIGHT MOON by Maypert Wile Brown Pictures by Cemen Hurs Writing - labels	Missing poster for the owl mum	Draw and write about their own favourite toy 'A pink doll' etc	HANDA'S SURPRISE SURP	Writing - Instructions of how to grow a turnip	Jack Beanstalk New April Har Canadas















			Reception		
Aut 1	Aut 2	Spr 1	Spr 2	Sum 1	Sum 2

Develop ability to use a static tripod grasp comfortably.	Consistently use a static tripod grasp.	Form lower-case letters correctly (pre-cursive).	Form some capital letters correctly (pre-cursive).	Form lower-case (pre-cursive) and capital letters correctly.	Begin developing a dyn grasp.
tripod grasp comfortably.	tripod grasp.	(pre cursive).	(pre cursive).	capital letters correctly.	grasp.
Write recognisable letters, some	Write recognisable letters,	Write simple phrases and	Write simple phrases and sentences	Demonstrate accuracy of ascending	Demonstrate fluent ha
of which are correctly formed	most of which are correctly	sentences that can be read by	that can be read by others	and descending letters.	using the tripod grip, w
(pre-cursive).	formed (pre-cursive).	others (caption).	demonstrating accuracy of		are correctly formed, si
			segmenting.	Demonstrate appropriate size	appropriate, sat on the
Write initial sounds when	Spell words by identifying	Begin to demonstrate		handwriting.	accurately and showing
labelling pictures.	sounds in them and	appropriate size handwriting.	Develop the foundations of a		and descending letters.
	representing the sounds with		handwriting style which is fast,	Demonstrate, letters sat on the line	
Attempt to label own drawings	a letter or letters.	Develop the foundations of a	accurate and efficient.	accurately.	Write 4 or 5 sentences
and pictures showing some		handwriting style which is fast,			with known letter-soun
awareness of sounds.	Write one word labels	accurate and efficient	Begin to demonstrate ascending and	Write 2 or 3 short sentences with	correspondences using
	(Label pictures e.g. character		descending letters.	words with known letter-sound	letter and full stop accu
Write my name independently.	description)	Hold a pencil effectively in		correspondences showing an	
		preparation for fluent writing –	Demonstrate appropriate size	awareness of a capital letter and full	Re-read what they have
	Write for a purpose - a list	using the tripod grip in almost all	handwriting.	stop.	check that it makes sen
	(shopping list, Christmas list)	cases.			correct where necessar
			Begin to demonstrate, letters sat on	Re-read what they have written to	
	Begin to show accuracy and		the line accurately.	check that it makes sense.	Use a capital letter to s
	care when drawing	Write 2 to 4 word captions:			sentence and full stop
		Include nouns - naming things,	Write 2 to 4 word captions with more	Create a speech bubble and know that	sentence.
		and verbs	challenging red words: Include nouns	a speech bubble is a way to show a	
			and verbs.	character is talking.	
		A cat			
		My dog	I saw a bug.		
		It is a fox	I went swimming		
		I can hop	I made a ring.		
			I have two legs.		
				1	

Writing is based on real life experiences and well-known texts where possible
 Spelling, punctuation and grammar are taught as an integral part of the writing process and applied to different types of writing
 Pupils are encouraged to develop their own voice as writers

	<u>Aut 1</u>	<u>Aut 2</u>	<u>Spr 1</u>	<u>Spr 2</u>	<u>Sum 1</u>	<u>Sum 2</u>
We are writing to entertain and inform Recount x2 - to inform Letter/ postcard x2 - to inform Instructions x1 - to inform Labels & captions x1 - to inform Labels & captions x1 - to entertain Narrative x4 - to entertain Poem x2 - to entertain	Narrative unit 1: Beegu by Alexis Deacon (description and labels and captions) Poetry unit 1: If you should meet a crocodile by Christine Fletcher (Poem)	Narrative unit 2: Meerkat Mail by Emily Gravett (postcard) Non Fiction unit 1: on labels and captions / fact file on Toys	Narrative unit 3: The Tiger who Came to Tea by Judith Kerr (recount) Story retell Poetry unit 2 When I was One By A.A. Milne from 'Now we are Six' (Poem)	Narrative unit 4: Lost & Found by Oliver Jeffers (postcard) Non-Fiction unit 2: Instructions on how to make a sandwich	Narrative unit 5: The Dinosaur who lost his Roar by Russell Punter (story retell) Poetry unit 3: Monday's child	Narrative unit 6: The Rainbow fish by Marcus Pfister (character description) Non-Fiction unit 3: Recount of farm visit
Year 2 We are writing to entertain and inform Recount x2 - to inform Non chron report x3 - to inform Instructions x1 - to inform Letter x2 - to inform Narrative x4 - to entertain Poem x2 - to entertain	Narrative unit 1: Rainbow Fish to the Rescue by Marcus Pfister (character description and recount) Non Fiction unit 1: Instructional text - How to find buried treasure Poetry unit 1: Cats Sleep Anywhere by Eleanor Farjeon (Poem)	Narrative unit 2: The day the Crayons quit by Drew Daywalt (letter) Non Fiction unit 2: Non-chron report on Hot and Cold	Narrative unit 3: Flat Stanley African Safari by Jeff Brown (setting description and story ending) Non-fiction unit 3: Non-chron report on The Gunpowder Plot	Narrative unit 4: The Twits by Roald Dahl (character description/ letter) Poetry unit 2: The Morning Rush by John Foster (Poem)	Narrative unit 4: The Twits by Roald Dahl (complete story) Non-fiction unit 4: Recount of trip	Non-fiction unit 4: Non-chronological report on Arctic animals/ Polar regions Poetry unit 3: Please Mrs Butler by Allan Ahlberg

Year 3

We are writing to entertain, inform and persuade

Diary x2 - to inform Non chron report x2 - to

Instructions x1 - to inform Letter x1 -to inform

Narrative x4 - to entertain Poem x2 - to entertain

Advertising x1 - to persuade

Poetry Unit 1: Chocolate Cake by Michael Rosen (Poem

Narrative Unit 1: George's Marvellous medicine by Roald Dahl (short burst description of George character description

of Grandma (hot)

Vocab: Appear Believe Breath Breathe Centre Certain

Complete Different Difficult Disappear Early Enough Exercise Extreme Favourite February

Fruit

Heard

Heart

Height

Important

Interest

Medicine

Particular

Peculiar

Popular

Woman

Grammar

Narrative Unit 1: George's Marvellous medicine by Roald Dahl (setting

description of George's kitchen-hot)

Non-fiction unit 1: Instructions (on how to make a marvellous medicine)

Non-fiction unit 2: Non-chron report on natural disasters

Vocab: Certain Complete Different Disappear Enough Extreme Favourite Heart **Important** Medicine Minute Natural Particular Peculiar Popular Remember Separate Special Various Weight

Non-fiction unit 3: Non chron report on **Ancient Egypt**

Narrative unit 2:

The Butterfly Lion by Michael Morpurgo (setting description) (diary entry) (persuasive advert on the white lion)

Vocab: Answer Appear Arrive Believe Breath Breathe Caught Centre Certain Circle Continue Decide Different Difficult Disappear Early Earth Enough Exercise Extreme Forward(s) Guard Heard

Imagine

Minute

Natural Position

Regular Special Surprise

Narrative unit 2: The Butterfly Lion by Michael Morpurgo (complete story)

Poetry unit 2: The Sound Collector by Roger McGough

Poetry unit 3:The Coming of the Iron Man by Brenda Williams (Poem)

Narrative unit 3: The Iron Man by Ted Hughes (diary entry and letter)

Different Early Earth Eight/eighth Guard Ordinary Peculiar Question Strange Strength Therefore Though/although Thought Through

Vocab:

Weight

Narrative unit 3: The Iron Man by Ted Hughes

We are writing to entertain, inform and persuade Diary x2 - to inform Non chron report x2 - to inform Instructions x1 - to inform Letter x1 - to inform Narrative x5 - to entertain Poem x2 - to entertain Letter x2 - to persuade	Poetry unit 1 - The Door by Miroslav Holub (Poem) Narrative unit 1: The Firework Maker's Daughter by Philip Pullman (short burst volcano description, set of instructions on how to make fireworks, short burst diary entry from the fire fiend encounter) Vocab: Believe Breath Extreme Heard Imagine Pressure Strength	Poetry unit 2 - This is the place by Tony Walsh (Poem) Narrative unit 2: Coming home by Michael Morpurgo (story ending) Non-Fiction unit 1: Non chron report on Manchester Vocab: Different History Famous Favourite Library Popular Quarter Regular Various	Non-fiction unit 2: Non-chron report on whales Narrative unit 3: Why the Whales Came by Michael Morpurgo (letter, short burst setting description)	Narrative unit 3: Why the Whales Came by Michael Morpurgo (dialogue, resolution and story ending) Non Fiction unit 3: Persuasive letter about protecting whales Vocab: Appear Believe Breath Caught Century Complete Consider Continue Different Difficult Disappear Extreme Forward Imagine Increase Important Notice Position Possible Probably	Poetry unit 3 - Macavity: The Mystery Cat by T.S. Eliot Narrative unit 4: The Boy at the back of the class by Onjali Q. Raúf (diary entry and persuasive letter) Vocab: Arrive Believe Different Difficult Experience Favourite Heart Imagine Important Learn Peculiar Position Question Remember Special Strange	Narrative unit 4: The Boy at the back of the class by Onjali Q. Raúf (a complete journey tale)
We are writing to entertain, inform, discuss and persuade Diary x3 - to inform Non chron report x2 - to inform Instructions x1 - to inform Letter x1 - to inform Narrative x3 - to entertain	Narrative Unit 1: Five on a Treasure Island by Enid Blyton (story opening and build up of a journey tale & dialogue) Poetry unit 1: Jabberwocky by Lewis Carroll	Narrative Unit 2: A Christmas Carol by by Charles Dickens Argument (about Scrooge's character) (diary entry) Letter to persuade Scrooge to change his way	Poetry unit 2 - The Tyger by William Blake Narrative Unit 3: Street Child by Berlie Doherty (diary entry & a letter)	Narrative Unit 3: Street Child by Berlie Doherty Non-fiction unit 1: (instructions on how to survive the workhouses) Non-fiction unit 2: Non-chron report on the workhouses	Poetry unit 3 - If by Rudyard Kipling Poem Narrative unit 4: Kensuke's Kingdom by Michael Morpurgo (diary entry) Non-fiction unit 3: Non-chron report on Mountains & rivers	Narrative unit 4: Kensuke's Kingdom by Michael Morpurgo (complete story)

Poem x1 - to entertain Letter x1 - to persuade Argument x1 - to discuss					Vocab: Marvellous Apparent Available Excellent Especially Determined Opportunity Yacht Temperature Recommend	
We are writing to entertain, inform, discuss and persuade Diary x2 - to inform Non chron report x2 - to inform Instructions x1 - to inform Letter x1 - to inform Narrative x2 - to entertain Poem x1 - to entertain Leaflet x1 - to persuade Letter x1 - to discuss	Narrative unit 1: Letters from the lighthouse by Emma Carroll Non Fiction unit 1: Instructions on how to be the perfect evacuee Non Fiction unit 2: Non Chron report on WW1 Poetry unit 1: Dulce et Decorum Est by Wilfred Owen (poem) Vocab: Soldier Sacrifice Identity Disastrous Desperate Aggressive Bruise Cemetery Community	Narrative unit 1: Letters from the lighthouse by Emma Carroll (setting and character descriptions, diary entry, end of a story)	Narrative unit 2: Holes by Louis Sachar (Letter - from Stanley to his mum) Non-Fiction Unit 3: Persuasive leaflet on Camp Green Lake Vocab: Environment Temperature Accommodate According Appreciate Available Awkward Communicate Community Competition Desperate Determined Excellent Frequently Individual Leisure Nuisance Opportunity Recommend Guarantee Recognise	Narrative unit 3: Macbeth by William Shakespeare (diary entry) (argument- Was Lady Macbeth really to blame?) Poetry unit 2 - Fire burn and cauldron bubble by William Shakespeare Vocab: According Achieve Aggressive Apparent Available Conscience Convenience Criticise Desperate Determined Disastrous Existence Guarantee Identity Occupy Opportunity Persuade Recognise Sacrifice	Narrative unit 4: The Explorer by Katherine Rundell (story opening and build up) Letter x1 - to persuade Poetry unit 3: The Highwayman by Alfred Noyer	Narrative unit 4: The Explorer by Katherine Rundell Non Fiction unit 4: Non chron report on Biomes

Poetry Progression

<u>EYFS</u>	<u>KS1</u>	LKS2	<u>UKS2</u>
Listen to and learn nursery rhymes off by heart.	Read, listen to and discuss poems that follow a pattern, including ones with no rhyme.	Read, listen to and express views on different poems (including narrative and descriptive poems)	Write similes, metaphors, personification and onomatopoeia.
Perform nursery rhymes with actions and expressions. Listen to a range of poems.	Perform poems with repeated phrases, create and include actions. Learn a poem by heart.	Write a poem using similes, alliteration and onomatopoeia.	Read, listen to and express views on a range of contemporary and classical poems.
Perform rhythmic poems and poems with rhyme with actions.	Write a poem.	Create your own blackout poem. Learn poems by heart, using intonation, tone, volume and action.	Perform poems with intonation, tone, volume, pace and delivery, learning a wider range of poetry by heart. Ensure meaning is clear to the audience.

Narrative poetry is a form of poetry that tells a story, often using the voices of both a narrator and characters; the entire story is usually written in metered verse. Narrative poems do not need to rhyme. The poems that make up this genre may be short or long

Modern lyric poetry is a formal type of poetry which expresses personal emotions or feelings, typically spoken in the first person.

A descriptive poem is one that mainly describes the subject — whether it be a person, an animal, or an inanimate object — often in great detail, rather than telling a story or expressing one's feelings.

Nonsense poetry, or nonsense verse, can be found throughout children's nursery rhymes, **limericks**, and even old Anglo-Saxon **riddles**. Nonsense poetry refers to any sort of poetry that is nonsensical in nature, be it that some of the words are made up and meaningless or that the words exist but make little sense in the context they are used in. Often nonsense poetry is lighthearted and has a simple rhyming scheme to it. Most nonsensical poems were written to entertain and amuse children, such as the verses found in children's nursery rhymes.

Sonnet - A 14-line poem with a variable rhyme scheme

A Rhyming Couplet is two line of the same length that rhyme and complete one thought. There is no limit to the length of the lines. Rhyming words are words that sound the same when spoken, they don't necessarily have to be spelt the same.

Yr 1, 2	Poems with repeated phrases, poems with rhyming words
Yr 3,4	Narrative poems, Lyric poems and Descriptive poems
Yr 5,6	Rhyming couplets, Nonsense poems, Narrative poems, Sonnet and Lyric poems.

Learn off by heart:

EYFS	Nursery rhymes
Yr 1	If you should meet a crocodile by Christine Fletcher Monday's child
2	Cats Sleep Anywhere by Eleanor Farjeon Please Mrs Butler by Allan Ahlberg
3	Chocolate Cake by Michael Rosen The Sound Collector by Roger McGough
4	Macavity: The Mystery Cat by T.S. Eliot The Door by Miroslav Holub
5	Jabberwocky by Lewis Carroll The Tyger by William Blake
6	Fire burn and cauldron bubble by William Shakespeare The Highwayman by Alfred Noyer